No. B. 12011/13/99- FST GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM ENVIRONMENT & FORESTS DEPARTMENT *****

NOTIFICATION

Dated Aizawl, the 7th May, 2014

In supercession of the Notification No.C. 18013/2/91-FST dt.19th September 2002, the Governor of Mizoram is pleased to accord sanction to the following revised scheme for the grant of *ex-gratia* relief to person who on application claims relief on account of damage caused by wild animals as defined in Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 (No. 53 of 1972) to *himself* or member of his family or dependents or his own cattle or crop on the following conditions and rates mentioned below. This order will come into force with immediate effect:-

1.	(i) (ii) (iii)	In case of death of human beings In case of permanent disability to human beings In case of injury to human beings	-	Rs. 2,00,000/- Rs. 2,00,000/- Actual cost of treatment.
	(iv)	Compensation ingrievous injuries to human being The relief against claim (i), (ii) & (iii) above, shall not be admissible if the attack is inside the Wildlife Protection Areas i.e. Wildlife Sanctuary, National Park and Tiger Reserve.	-	1.3 rd of the amo- unt fixed for case of death permanent incapacitation
	(v)	Loss of buffalo, cow, ox and mule (A) In the shed (B) In the jungle outside Wildlife Protection Areas	-	value of loss/ damage as assessed by authorized officer - do -
	(vi)	Loss of goat, pig, sheep (A) In Shed (B) In the Jungle outside Wildlife Protection Areas	-	- do - - do -
	(vii)	Relief for the damage caused to paddy crop. This relief will be admissible for damage to W.R.C. permanent cultivation and any damage in shifting cultivation areas.	-	Upto maximum of Rs.5,000/- per ha. if entire crop is damaged.

II. (i) Production of postmortem report in case of loss of human life or injury, disability certificate along with details of cost of treatment from the competent Medical Officer or the Government of Mizoram as the case may be.

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- (ii) All cases of damage done by the wild animals should be reported by the applicant to the nearest Range Officer of the Environment & Forest Department within 5 (five) days of the incident. The verifications of losses that the same was actually caused by wild animals will be done by the President Village Council and Range Officer or Deputy Ranger or Forester or Forest Guard within a period of 10 (ten) days of the occurrence of the incident.
- (iii) Further, the claims of relief shall be filled in the **Prescribed Form** of application along with relevant supporting documents within a month of the occurrence of the incident to the concerned D.C.F./D.F.O. All such cases are to be examined as per latest guidelines issued by the Environment & Forest Department.
- (iv) All Divisional Forest Officers in Mizoram shall be the final authority to assess the value of loss / damage and sanction such cases of claim on account of losses by the wild animals up to actual value, in each case and all Conservator of Forests in Mizoram/Chief Wildlife Warden shall be the final authority to sanction such cases of relief beyond the value as assess by Divisional Forest Officers in each case.
- (v) The relief shall be granted in case of loss of cattle to the owner of the cattle.
- (vi) The relief in the case of loss of the human being shall be granted in the order of preference given below:
- (a) Wife or Husband, as the case may be,
- (b) Sons, unmarried or divorced daughters and children of predeceased son (equal share)
- (c) Daughters (equal share)
- (d) Grand children being children of sons or daughters who died before him (equal share)
- (e) Father or Mother
- (f) Failing all above any other next of kin entitled to a share in the estate.
- (g) Brother or Sister or Children of the deceased person, (equal share)

Sd/- L.R. THANGA

Principal Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram, Environment & Forests Department

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